

Macro	<b>PARDCL</b>
<b>PURPOSE</b>	Create global parameters in the analysis routine.
<b>PARAMETERS</b>	
NAME	Name(s) of the global parameter to be created.
INIT(x)	Initialization value(s).
COMMENT(c)	Comment(s)
<b>REMARKS</b>	<p>Either a single variable or a list of variables or an array may be created by one <b>PARDCL</b> macro. Several <b>PARDCL</b> macros may appear in the analysis routine.</p> <p>For arrays, the <b>INIT</b> and <b>COMMENT</b> keywords are assigned to the different elements in sequence. Missing values are repeated from the last given value.</p> <p>For a list of variable names, the <b>INIT</b> and <b>COMMENT</b> keywords may contain a list of values to be attributed to the different variables in sequence.</p> <p><b>PARDCL</b> appears in the analysis routine. A global parameter may be used in the analysis routine like a normal variable declared by <b>DECLARE "name" DEC FLOAT(6) STATIC INIT(..).</b></p> <p>Global parameters, created by the PARDCL macro, can be listed and modified by the command IPAR. Other commands (IPOPER, AOPER, and others) make use of global parameters.</p>
<b>EXAMPLES</b>	<p><b>PARDCL(slope) INIT(8.79) COMMENT('slope of time calibration');</b>  Creates the parameter slopes with initialization and comment.</p> <p><b>PARDCL(A0,A1) INIT('0.5,27.3') COMMENT('SHIFT,FACTOR');</b>  Creates two parameters with initializations and comments.</p> <p><b>PARDCL(X(5)) INIT('7,3,5,9,3.5') COMMENT('X-ARRAY');</b>  Creates an array of parameters (5 elements) with individual initialization and a common comment.</p> <p><b>PARDCL(A(-3:2)) INIT(322.5) COMMENT('offset');</b>  Creates an array of parameters (6 elements) with common initialization and a common comment.</p> <p><b>PARDCL(B(2)) INIT(-5) COMMENT('Branch1,Branch2');</b>  Creates an array of parameters (2 elements) with common initialization and individual comments.</p>
<b>DECLARATION</b>	This macro may only be used in the analysis program. It is declared by <b>%INCLUDE '\FRSTOOLS\TRI\SATAN\\$MACROS.PLI';</b>